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                                rokr2.PRG
/* Rokko -
/* rokr2.prg - jul 2003
/* revision example - triple comparison
/* as rok2.prg
/* related to multi2a.prg from Andrews paper
/* this version considers bivariate joint distributions
/* empirical example
/*

format /MA1/LD 7, 4;
outwidth 255;
output file = c:\papers\v_rokko\revision\rokr2.out reset;
output on;

/* Parameters to Set Before Carrying out analysis */

clearg bet, del t, n, gamm, thet, a2, A11, A22, ve1, ve2, cove1e2, pc_K1, pc_H1, pc_Y1, Id_pc_Y;

bet= 0.95 ; /* beta */
del t= 0.025 ; /* del ta */
n= 1.012 ; /* n */
gamm= 0.0028 ; /* gamma */
thet= 0.50 ; /* theta */
a2= 0.0044 ; /* a_2 */
A11= 0.95 ; /* A_11 */
A22= -0.10 ; /* A_22 */
ve1= 0.039 ; /* var(e1) */
ve2= 0.077 ; /* var(e2) */
cove1e2= -0.030; /* cov(e1, e2) */

ls={2, 5, 7};
unum=5; /* density of U grid */
bootnum=100; /* number of boot replications for CV calc */
simtot=1;

/* read in data for empirical and simulation exercises */
/* data assumed to be in log differences immediately at this stage */
/* for empirical need Y and K */

/* data are from 1929-2002 (74 obs) */
/* vars are K, GDP, and N */
/* last K obs for 2002 is a dummy value, but as lagged K used, poses no */
/* problem */

load datin[74, 4]=c:\papers\v_rokko\revision\annUSrev.dat;

Yin=datin[. , 2]*1000000000;
Yin=datin[. , 2];
Kin=datin[. , 1];
Nin=datin[. , 3]*1000;
Nin=datin[. , 3];
Hin=datin[. , 4];

pc_Y=Yin./Nin;
pc_K=Kin./Nin;
pc_H=Hin;

pc_Y=pc_Y[5: rows(pc_Y), .];
pc_K=pc_K[5: rows(pc_K), .];
pc_H=pc_H[5: rows(pc_H), .];

print "Annual Data with obs = " rows(Yin);
print Yin~Kin~Nin~Hin;

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TT=74; /* define length of actual data sample */
/* log difference levels series */
ld_Y=ln(Yi n[2: rows(Yi n), . ]) - ln(Yi n[1: rows(Yi n)-1, . ]);
ld_K=ln(Ki n[2: rows(Ki n), . ]) - ln(Ki n[1: rows(Ki n)-1, . ]);
ld_N=ln(Ni n[2: rows(Ni n), . ]) - ln(Ni n[1: rows(Ni n)-1, . ]);
ld_H=ln(Hi n[2: rows(Hi n), . ]) - ln(Hi n[1: rows(Hi n)-1, . ]);
/* log difference per capita GDP */
ld_pc_Ya=ld_Y-ld_N;
/* log difference per capita hours */
ld_pc_Ha=ld_H;
/* make this sample 70 long */
ld_Y=ld_Y[4: rows(ld_Y), . ];
ld_K=ld_K[4: rows(ld_K), . ];
ld_N=ld_N[4: rows(ld_N), . ];
ld_H=ld_H[4: rows(ld_H), . ];
ld_pc_Y=ld_pc_Ya[4: rows(ld_pc_Ya), . ]; /* pare down to 70 obs */
ld_pc_Yl=ld_pc_Ya[3: rows(ld_pc_Ya)-1, . ];
ld_pc_H=ld_pc_Ha[4: rows(ld_pc_Ha), . ]; /* pare down to 70 obs */
ld_pc_Hl=ld_pc_Ha[3: rows(ld_pc_Ha)-1, . ];
TT=rows(ld_pc_Y); /* define length of actual data sample */
/*
/* in addition to using ld_pc_Y, may use quarterly y data for the actual GDP */
/* in the final comparison */
load dati n2[224, 2]=c:\papers\v_rokko\qrtUS.dat; /* 1947:1 -2002:4 */
ld_Y1=ln(dati n2[2: rows(dati n2), 1]) - ln(dati n2[1: rows(dati n2)-1, 1]);
ld_N1=ln(dati n2[2: rows(dati n2), 2]) - ln(dati n2[1: rows(dati n2)-1, 2]);
ld_pc_Y1=ld_Y1-ld_N1;
ld_pc_Q=ld_pc_Y1[4: rows(ld_pc_Y1), . ]; /* pare down to 220 obs */
ld_pc_Ql=ld_pc_Y1[3: rows(ld_pc_Y1)-1, . ];
*/
/* ----- */
/* PROCEDURE - simulate data */
/* ----- */
/* data generation */
proc (4) = sim2(smpl);

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local ux, z, ee, dgi, covar,
      w, phi_, h_, ktill_, ytil_, ctill_, phi0_, phi1_, sstar_, dstar_, B_,
      r_1, r_7, r_9, r_8, r_5, r_6, r_2, r_11, r_18, r_81, r_19, r_91, r_17, r_71,
      r_98, r_89, r_88, r_68, r_86, r_78, r_87, r_69, r_96, r_99, r_97, r_79, r_66, r_67, r_76, r_77,
      r_22, r_25, r_52, r_55, r_12, r_21, r_15, r_51, r_82, r_28, r_29, r_92, r_95, r_59,
      r_62, r_65, r_72, r_75, r_16, r_61, r_85,
      R_, Q_, F_, c1_, c2_, VQIast, VQ_, vi, Qbar_, Fbar_, K1_, VSIast, VS_, c1bar_,
      KO_, PI0_, PI1_, PI2_, PI3_, logk, logh, logy, logc, logka, logha, logya, logca,
      lz, xt, e1t, e2t, covvv, dati, ei, sume1, ci1, ci2, bone, boneb, varY, ve1b, ve2b;

/* Loop for different parameters, etc., to make 2 or three versions of y, k, h, c */

logk={};
logh={};
logy={};
logc={};

dati=1;
do while dati <= 3;

/* put in looping parameter values here */

if dati==1; bet=0.988;
elseif dati==2; bet=0.90;
else; bet=0.95; endif;

/* generate all of the parameters to use in final equations */
/* below, h is really htill */

w = (eye(2)-((A11~0)|(0~A22)))*(0|a2);
phi_ =
(((n^thet)*(1-bet*(1-del t))*exp(-w[2, 1]/n)*exp(((2*thet)-1)*w[2, 1]))/(bet*thet))^( (-
1)/(1-thet));
h_ = (exp(w[1, 1])/gamm)*(1-thet)*
( ((n^(-thet))*exp(-2*thet*w[2, 1]))/( ((n^(-thet))*exp(-2*thet*w[2, 1])*phi_^thet)-
(phi_*exp(-w[2, 1]))*(1-((1-del t)*exp(-w[2, 1])/n))) ) );
ktill_ = phi_*h_;
ytil_ = h_*(n^(-thet))*exp(-2*thet*w[2, 1])* (phi_^thet);
ctill_ = (h_*(n^(-thet))*exp(-2*thet*w[2, 1])* (phi_^thet)) -
(phi_*exp(-w[2, 1]))*(1-((1-del t)*exp(-w[2, 1])/n));
phi0_ = (0|0|a2|0|0);
phi1_ = eye(5); phi1_[1, 1]=0; phi1_[2, 2]=A11; phi1_[3, 3]=A22; phi1_[4, 4]=0;
phi1_[5, 5]=0; phi1_[4, 2]=1; phi1_[5, 3]=1;
sstar_ = (ln(ktill_)|w|w);
dstar_ = (ln(ktill_)|ln(h_));
B_ = zeros(5, 2); B_[1, 1]=1;

r_1 = -(exp(w[1, 1])*exp(-w[2, 1]))/ctill_;
r_7 = -(exp(w[1, 1])/ctill_)* ( (thet*ytil_) + (((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])*ktill_) );
r_9 = (exp(w[1, 1])/ctill_)* ( -(thet*ytil_) + (exp(-w[2, 1])*ktill_*(1 -
((1-del t)/n)*exp(-w[2, 1]))) - (exp(-w[2, 1])/n) );
r_8 = exp(w[1, 1])*ln(ctill_);
r_5=0;
r_6=0;
r_2 = -(exp(w[1, 1])/ctill_)*exp(-w[2, 1]);

r_11 = -((exp(w[1, 1])*exp(-2*w[2, 1]))/(ctill_*bet^2)) -
((thet*(1-thet)*exp(w[1, 1])*ytil_)/ctill_);
r_18 = r_1;
r_81 = r_18;

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r_19 = -(r_1*r_9*exp(-w[1, 1])) - ( (exp(-w[1, 1])/ctil_) * ( ((thet^2)*ytiI_) +
((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])) ) );
r_91=r_19;
r_16=0;
r_61=r_16;
r_17 = -(r_1*r_7*exp(-w[1, 1])) - ( (exp(-w[1, 1])/ctil_) * ( ((thet^2)*ytiI_) +
((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])) ) );
r_71=r_17;
r_98=r_9;
r_89=r_98;
r_88=r_8;
r_68=0;
r_86=r_68;
r_78=r_7;
r_87=r_78;
r_69=0;
r_96=r_69;
r_99=-((r_9^2)*exp(-w[1, 1])) + ( (exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * (
((thet^2)*ytiI_) - (exp(-w[2, 1])*ktiI_) + (((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])*ktiI_) ) );
r_79=-((r_9*r_7)*exp(-w[1, 1])) + ( (exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * (
((thet^2)*ytiI_) - (exp(-w[2, 1])*ktiI_) + (((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])*ktiI_) ) );
r_97=r_79;
r_66=0;
r_67=0;
r_76=r_67;
r_77 = -(r_7^2)*exp(-w[1, 1]) + (
((thet^2)*ytiI_) + (((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])*ktiI_) );
r_22=-((r_2^2)*exp(-w[1, 1]));
r_25 = -r_2*gamma*exp(-w[1, 1]);
r_52=r_25;
r_55 = -(gamma^2)*exp(-w[1, 1]) - ( (thet*(1-thet)) * (exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * (ytiI_/h_) );
);
r_12 = -r_1*r_2*exp(-w[1, 1]);
r_21=r_12;
r_15 = -(r_1*gamma) + ( (exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * (thet*(1-thet)) * (ytiI_/ktiI_) );
r_51=r_15;
r_82=r_2;
r_28=r_82;
r_85=gamma;
r_29 = -(r_2*r_9*exp(-w[1, 1])) + ( (exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * exp(-w[2, 1]) );
r_92=r_29;
r_95 = -(r_9*gamma*exp(-w[1, 1])) + ( (exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * (thet*(1-thet)) * (ytiI_/h_) );
);
r_59=r_95;
r_62=0;
r_65=0;
r_72 = -(r_2*r_7*exp(-w[1, 1]));
r_75 = ( (gamma/ctil_) * ( ((thet)*ytiI_) + (((1-del t)/n)*exp(-2*w[2, 1])*ktiI_) ) ) - (
(exp(w[1, 1])/ctil_) * (thet*(1-thet)) * (ytiI_/h_) );
R_ = 0.5 * (
(r_11|r_81|r_91|r_61|r_71)~(r_18|r_88|r_98|r_68|r_78)~(r_19|r_89|r_99|r_69|r_79)~(r_
16|r_86|r_96|r_66|r_76)~(r_17|r_87|r_97|r_67|r_77) );
Q_ = 0.5 * ( (r_22|r_52)~(r_25|r_55) );
F_ = 0.5 * ( (r_12|r_82|r_92|r_62|r_72)~(r_15|r_85|r_95|r_65|r_75) );
c1_ = (r_2|r_5) - (2*sstar_'*F_') - (2*dstar_'*Q_')';
c2_ = (r_1|r_6|r_7|r_8|r_9) - (2*dstar_'*F_') - (2*sstar_'*R_')';

/* now, determine VQ and VS in order to get final parameters for DGPs, using Ricatti
equations */

/* VQ */

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VQI ast=eye(5)*-0. 00;

vi =1;
do while vi <= 1000000;
    VQ_ = R_ + (bet*phi 1_' *VQI ast*phi 1_) - ((bet*phi 1_' *VQI ast*B_) + F_) *i nv(Q_ +
bet*B_' *VQI ast*B_) * ((bet*B_' *VQI ast*phi 1_) + F_');
    i f sumc(sumc((VQ_-VQI ast)^2)) .l e 0. 00000001;
        goto vend1;
    e l s e;
        VQI ast=VQ_;
        vi =vi +1;
    e n d i f;
e n d o;
v e n d 1:
/*print "for VQ, use x sims, x= " vi;*/
i f vi ==1000000; print "VQ di dn' t converge, and VQ i s " VQ_; e n d i f;

Qbar_ = Q_ + bet*B_' *VQ_*B_;
Fbar_ = F_ + bet*phi 1_' *VQ_*B_;

K1_ = -Qbar_*Fbar_';
/*
print "K1";
print K1_;
*/
VSI ast=ones(5, 1)*-0. 0;

vi =1;
do while vi <= 1000000;
    VS_ = i nv(eye(5) - (bet*(K1_' *B_' + phi 1_')))* ( (K1_' *(c1_ +
2*bet*B_' *VQ_*phi 0_) + c2_ + (2*bet*phi 1_' *VQ_*phi 0_) );
    i f sumc(sumc((VS_-VSI ast)^2)) .l e 0. 00000001;
        goto vend2;
    e l s e;
        VSI ast=VS_;
        vi =vi +1;
    e n d i f;
e n d o;
v e n d 2:
/*print "for VS, use x sims, x= " vi;*/
i f vi ==1000000; print "VQ di dn' t converge, and VQ i s " VQ_; e n d i f;

c1bar_ = ( c1_' + (bet*VS_' *B_) + (2*bet*phi 0_' *VQ_*B_) )';

K0_ = -0. 5*i nv(Qbar_)*c1bar_;
/*
print "K0";
print K0_;
*/
/*K0_[1, 1]=0. 0;
K0_[2, 1]=0. 0;*/

PI 0_ = ( (K0_[1]+K1_[1, 3]*a2) | (K0_[2]+K1_[2, 3]*a2) );
PI 1_ = K1_[1, 1]|K1_[2, 1];
PI 2_ = ( ( (K1_[1, 2]*A11+K1_[1, 4])|(K1_[2, 2]*A11+K1_[2, 4]) ) ~ (
(K1_[1, 3]*A22+K1_[1, 5])|(K1_[2, 3]*A22+K1_[2, 5]) ) );
PI 3_ = ( (K1_[1, 2]|K1_[2, 2])~(K1_[1, 3]|K1_[2, 3]) );
/*
print "VS" VS_;
print "VQ" VQ_;
*/

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/* estimate ve1, ve2, and cove1e2 */
/* generate (u x) */

ci 1=1;
ci 2=1;
boneb=1000000000000;
ve1=0.00005; ve2=0.0015; cove1e2=0.0;
do while ci 1<=14;
  ve1=ve1*2;
  do while ci 2<=14;
    ve2=ve2+0.0005;
    ux=zeros(smpl+100,2);
    z=zeros(smpl+100,1);
    z[1]=1;
    ee= rndn(smpl+100,2); /* normal RVs */
    cov=(ve1~cove1e2)|(cove1e2~ve2);
    ee=(chol(cov)*ee)';
    dgi=2;
    do while dgi<=smpl+100;
      ux[dgi,]=((0|a2)+((A11~0)|(0~A22))*(ux[dgi-1,])+ee[dgi,])';
      z[dgi,]=z[dgi-1,]*exp(ux[dgi,2]);
      dgi=dgi+1;
    endo;

    /* generate logk, logh, logy, logc */

    logka=zeros(smpl+100,1);
    logha=zeros(smpl+100,1);
    logya=zeros(smpl+100,1);
    logca=zeros(smpl+100,1);

    dgi=3;
    do while dgi<=smpl+100;
      logka[dgi,1]=ln(z[dgi-1,])+PI0_[1,1]+
PI1_[1,1]*(logka[dgi-1,]-ln(z[dgi-2,]))+PI2_[1,]*ux[dgi-1,]+
PI3_[1,]*ee[dgi,];
      logha[dgi,1]=PI0_[2,1]+
PI1_[2,1]*(logka[dgi-1,]-ln(z[dgi-2,]))+PI2_[2,]*ux[dgi-1,]+
PI3_[2,]*ee[dgi,];
      dgi=dgi+1;
    endo;

    dgi=3;
    do while dgi<=smpl+100;
      logya[dgi,1]=(1-thet)*ln(z[dgi,])-thet*ln(n)+(1-thet)*logha[dgi,1]+
thet*logka[dgi-1,1];
      logca[dgi,1]=ln(exp(logya[dgi,1])-exp(logka[dgi,1]))+
((1-delt)/n)*exp(logka[dgi-1,1]);
      dgi=dgi+1;
    endo;
    varY=vcx(logya[101:smpl+100,]-logya[100:smpl+99,]);
    bone=abs(varY-vcx(ld_pc_Y));
    if bone. le boneb;
      boneb=bone;
      ve1b=ve1;
      ve2b=ve2;

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    endi f;

    ci 2=ci 2+1;
    endo;
    ci 1=ci 1+1;
    endo;
    ve1=ve1b;
    ve2=ve2b;
    print "Best si geps: " ((ve1~ve2));

/* old sigma epsi lon cal cs

lz= (ln(pc_Y1[2: rows(pc_Y1), .]) + thet*ln(n) - (1-thet)*ln(pc_H1[2: rows(pc_H1), .]) -
thet*ln(pc_K1[1: rows(pc_K1)-1, .]))/(1-thet);
xt=lz[2: rows(lz), .]-lz[1: rows(lz)-1];
e2t = xt[2: rows(xt), .]-a2-A22*xt[1: rows(xt)-1, .];

e2t=e2t-meanc(e2t);
/*
print "e2t";
print e2t;
print "mean" meanc(e2t);
*/
e1t=zeros(rows(lz)-2, 1); /* = rows(e2t) = rows(pc_Y)-3 */
ei=1;
do while ei<=rows(e1t);
    if ei==1;
        sume1=0;
    else;
        sume1=sume1*A11 + e1t[ei-1, 1];
    endi f;
    e1t[ei] = (1/K1_[1, 2])*( ln(pc_K1[ei+3, .]) - lz[ei+1, .] - (K0_[1]+K1_[1, 3]*a2) -
(K1_[1, 1]*(ln(pc_K1[ei+2, .]) - lz[ei, .]))
- ((K1_[1, 5]+K1_[1, 3]*A22)*xt[ei, .]) -
((K1_[1, 4]+K1_[1, 2]*A11)*sume1) - (K1_[1, 3]*e2t[ei, .]) );
    ei=ei+1;
endo;

e1t=e1t-meanc(e1t);
/*
print "e1t";
print e1t;
print "mean" meanc(e1t);
*/
covvv=vcx(e1t~e2t);
ve1=covvv[1, 1];
ve2=covvv[2, 2];
cove1e2=covvv[1, 2];

print "Epsi lon cal s are " (ve1~ve2~cove1e2);

ve1=0.001;
ve2=0.001;
cove1e2=-0.0;

*/

/* end cov cal cs */

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```

/* generate all of the data!!! */

/* generate (u x) */

ux=zeros(smpl+100,2);
z=zeros(smpl+100,1);
z[1]=1;
ee= rndn(smpl+100,2); /* normal RVs */
cova=(ve1~cove1e2)|(cove1e2~ve2);
ee=(chol(cova)*ee)';
dgi=2;
do while dgi <= smpl+100;
    ux[dgi, .]= ( (0|a2)+((A11~0)|(0~A22))*(ux[dgi-1, .]')+ee[dgi, .]' )';
    z[dgi, .]=z[dgi-1, .]*exp(ux[dgi, 2]);
    dgi=dgi+1;
endo;

/* generate logk, logh, logy, logc */

logka=zeros(smpl+100,1);
logha=zeros(smpl+100,1);
logya=zeros(smpl+100,1);
logca=zeros(smpl+100,1);

dgi=3;
do while dgi <= smpl+100;
    logka[dgi, 1]=ln(z[dgi-1, .]) + PI0_[1, 1] +
    PI1_[1, 1]*(logka[dgi-1, .]-ln(z[dgi-2, .])) + PI2_[1, .]*ux[dgi-1, .]' +
    PI3_[1, .]*ee[dgi, .]';
    logha[dgi, 1]=
    PI0_[2, 1] +
    PI1_[2, 1]*(logka[dgi-1, .]-ln(z[dgi-2, .])) + PI2_[2, .]*ux[dgi-1, .]' +
    PI3_[2, .]*ee[dgi, .]';
    dgi=dgi+1;
endo;

dgi=3;
do while dgi <= smpl+100;
    logya[dgi, 1]=(1-thet)*ln(z[dgi, .]) - thet*ln(n) + (1-thet)*logha[dgi, 1] +
    thet*logka[dgi-1, 1];
    logca[dgi, 1]=ln( exp(logya[dgi, 1]) - exp(logka[dgi, 1]) +
    ((1-delt)/n)*exp(logka[dgi-1, 1]) );
    dgi=dgi+1;
endo;

/* add to final data */

logk=logk~logka;
logh=logh~logha;
logy=logy~logya;
logc=logc~logca;

dati=dati+1;

endo;

/* return two or three different growth rate of Y series, one for each of two
approximation methods */
/* with everything for a given alpha, beta, tau */
/* also, return the growth rates and secondly their lags */

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retp( (logy[101: smpl +100, . ]-logy[100: smpl +99, . ]),
      (logh[101: smpl +100, . ]-logh[100: smpl +99, . ]),
      (logy[100: smpl +99, . ]-logy[99: smpl +98, . ]),
      (logh[100: smpl +99, . ]-logh[99: smpl +98, . ] ) );
endp;

/* */
/* */
/* */
/* calculate the main statistic for a given actual data series and simulated data
series */
/* one statistic for each benchmark-alternative combination
*/
/* i . e. calculate Z_{j , T, S} statistics
*/
/* */
/* UNIVARIATE or MARGINAL DISTRIBUTION CASE */
/* */

proc (1) = zee1(Yd, Yds, uuone);
local zi , zN, si mFben, si mFalt, pi eceben, outu;

/* for a given data series (Yd), there are NS columns of simulated series, */
/* the first for the benchmark model and the rest for the alternative models */

/* */

outu={};
zN=sqrt(rows(Yd));
si mFben=(1/rows(Yds[. , 1]))*sumc(Yds[. , 1] .le uuone);
pi eceben=(1/zN)*sumc( ((Yd[. , .] .le uuone)-si mFben)^2 );
zi =1;
do while zi <=col s(Yds)-1;
    si mFalt=(1/rows(Yds[. , 1]))*sumc(Yds[. , zi +1] .le uuone);
    outu=outu~(pi eceben- ((1/zN)*sumc( ((Yd[. , .] .le uuone)-si mFalt)^2 )));
    zi =zi +1;
enddo;

/* outu is a row of Z_{j , T, S} statistics, one for each bench versus alternative
comparison */
/* Thus, Yds, the simulated data, must have at least two columns to allow for the */
/* construction of one bench and at least one alternative */

/* this output is for a single u value */

retp(outu);
endp;

/* */
/* */
/* */
/* calculate the main statistic for a given actual data series and simulated data
series */
/* one statistic for each benchmark-alternative combination
*/
/* i . e. calculate Z_{j , T, S} statistics
*/
/* */
/* */

```

```

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/* BIVARIATE or JOINT DISTRIBUTION CASE */
/* */

proc (1) = zee2(Yd, Yh, Ydl, Yhl, Yds, Ydsh, Ydsl, Ydshl, uuone, uutwo, uuthree, uufour);
local zi, zN, simFben, simFalt, pieceben, outu;

/* for a given data series (Yd), there are NS columns of simulated series, */
/* the first for the benchmark model and the rest for the alternative models */

/* */

outu={};
zN=sqrt(rows(Yd));

simFben=(1/rows(Yds[.,1]))*sumc((Yds[.,1] .le uuone) .and (Ydsh[.,1] .le uutwo) .and
(Ydsl[.,1] .le uuthree) .and (Ydshl[.,1] .le uufour));
pieceben=(1/zN)*sumc( ( ( Yd[.,1] .le uuone) .and (Yh[.,1] .le uutwo) .and
(Ydl[.,1] .le uuthree) .and (Yhl[.,1] .le uufour) ) -simFben)^2 );

/*print "simFben " simFben;
print "pieceben " pieceben; */

zi=1;
do while zi <= cols(Yds)-1;

    simFalt=(1/rows(Yds[.,1]))*sumc((Yds[.,zi+1] .le uuone) .and (Ydsh[.,zi+1] .le
uutwo) .and (Ydsl[.,zi+1] .le uuthree) .and (Ydshl[.,zi+1] .le uufour));

    /*print "simFalt " simFalt; */

    outu=outu~(pieceben- ((1/zN)*sumc( ( ( Yd[.,1] .le uuone) .and (Yh[.,1] .le
uutwo) .and (Ydl[.,1] .le uuthree) .and (Yhl[.,1] .le uufour) ) -simFalt)^2 ));

    zi=zi+1;
enddo;

/* outu is a row of Z_{j,T,S} statistics, one for each bench versus alternative
comparison */
/* Thus, Yds, the simulated data, must have at least two columns to allow for the */
/* construction of one bench and at least one alternative */

/* this output is for a single u value */

/*print "outu is " outu; */

retp(outu);
endp;

/* */
/* */
/* */
/* actual max stats */
/* */
/* */
/* */

proc (1) = stats(ouAv);
local ZT;

ZT={};

ZT=ZT|maxc(ouAv[1: rows(ouAv)]);

```

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```
/* so one statistic outputed here */
/* if doing simulations, may do max across various subsets of those individual
elements of ouAv, thus */
/* generating size and power statistics, etc. */
```

```
retp(ZT);
endp;
```

```
/* */
/* */
/* */
/* bootstrap data sets */
/* */
/* */
/* */
```

```
proc (1) = bootk(dat1, lval);
local N, num_uns, undraw1, x1, i b;
```

```
N=rows(dat1);
num_uns=N/lval;
```

```
/* draw uniforms U[0, T-l+1] */
```

```
undraw1=round((N-lval)*rndu(num_uns, 1));
```

```
x1={};
i b=1;
do while i b<=num_uns;
  x1=x1|dat1[undraw1[i b]+1: undraw1[i b]+lval, . .];
  i b=i b+1;
enddo;
```

```
retp(x1);
endp;
```

```
/* ----- */
/* ----- */
/* ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^ MAI N PROGRAM ^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^ */
/* ----- */
/* ----- */
```

```
/* for use in simulation */
```

```
/*{Udat}=sim1(1000);
Umin=(minc(Udat[. , 1: 8]));
Umax=(maxc(Udat[. , 1: 8]));
Uinc=(Umax-Umin)/Unum;
uone=meanc(udat); */
```

```
/* for empirical application */
```

```
Umin=(minc(minc(l d_pc_Y~l d_pc_H)));
Umax=(maxc(maxc(l d_pc_Y~l d_pc_H)));
Uinc=(Umax-Umin)/Unum;
```

```
outzaa={};
```

```
/* raw data assumed already to be in log differences */
```

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```

/* define length of the simulated samples, given TT, where TT is actual data sample
used */

outza=zeros(12,23);

tsi=1;
do while tsi <= 4;
    if tsi == 1; SS=TT; else if tsi==2; SS=2*TT; else if tsi==3; SS=5*TT; else;
SS=10*TT; endif;

    li=1;
    do while li <= 3;
        l_val=ls[li]; /* l_val for actual data */

        /* now, make l_vals for simulated data */
        if tsi==1; l_valS=ls[li]; else if tsi==2; l_valS=2*ls[li]; else;
l_valS=5*ls[li]; endif;
        /* assume that the "l_val" values are for the actual data -- for the
simulated, multiply them */
        /* by the factor 1, 2, or 5, as SS is made by the same factors multiplying TT
*/

        si=1;
        do while si <= simtot;

            /* simulate data according to some different models, where TT is the length
of the simulated sample */

            /* set parameter estimation data equal to raw data */

            pc_Y1=pc_Y;
            pc_K1=pc_K;
            pc_H1=pc_H;

            {Ydats,Hdats,Ydatsl,Hdatsl}=sim2(SS); /* this is the simulated data and its
lag, */
                /* given the actual data and any calculations done */
                /* to estimate parameters, form the actual data, etc. */

            /* now, calculate all stats over U range */

            outttu={};
            ui=1; uuui=Umin-Uinc;
            do while ui <=Unum+1;
                uuui=uuui+uinc;
                uj=1; uuuj=Umin-Uinc;
                do while uj <=Unum+1;
                    uuuj=uuuj+uinc;
                    uk=1; uuuk=Umin-Uinc;
                    do while uk <=Unum+1;
                        uuuk=uuuk+uinc;
                        ul=1; uuul=Umin-Uinc;
                        do while ul <=Unum+1;
                            uuul=uuul+uinc;

{outttu}=zee2(ld_pc_Y,ld_pc_Yl,ld_pc_H,ld_pc_Hl,YdatS,Ydatsl,HdatS,Hdatsl,uuui,uuuj,u
uuk,uuul);
                            outttu=outttu|outttu;
                            ul=ul+1;
                        endo;
                    endo;
                endo;
            endo;
        endo;
    endo;
endwhile;

```

```

        uj =uj +1;
    endo;
    ui =ui +1;
endo;

/* average up across the u */
oboy=meanc(outttu);

/*print "oboy"; print oboy;*/

/* calculate statistics */
{ZZ}=stats(oboy);
/*
print "stats ";
print ZZ;
*/
/* Now, bootstrap the critical values!!! */
ZZzb1={}; ZZzb2={};

booti =1;
do while booti <= bootnum;
/*
print "Boot sim " booti;
*/
    {bdatAct} =
bootk((pc_Y~pc_K~pc_H~I d_pc_Y~I d_pc_H~I d_pc_YI ~I d_pc_HI ), I_val );

/* change actual data used in parameter estimation in simulation routine
*/

pc_Y1=bdatAct[. , 1];
pc_K1=bdatAct[. , 2];
pc_H1=bdatAct[. , 3];

{YdatS_b, HdatS_b, YdatS_bl , HdatS_bl }=sim2(SS);

{bdatSim} = bootk((YdatS_b~HdatS_b~YdatS_bl ~HdatS_bl ), I_val S);

/* I carry out the usual boot approach */

outttu={};
ui =1; uuui =Umi n-Ui nc;
do while ui <=Unum+1;
    uuui =uuui +ui nc;
    uj =1; uuuj =Umi n-Ui nc;
    do while uj <=Unum+1;
        uuuj =uuuj +ui nc;
        uk=1; uuuk=Umi n-Ui nc;
        do while uk <=Unum+1;
            uuuk=uuuk+ui nc;
            ul =1; uuul =Umi n-Ui nc;
            do while ul <=Unum+1;
                uuul =uuul +ui nc;

{outtu}=zee2(bdatAct[. , 4], bdatAct[. , 5], bdatAct[. , 6], bdatAct[. , 7],
bdatSim[. , 1: col s(YdatS_b)], bdatSim[. , col s(YdatS_b)+1: 2*col s(YdatS_b)],
bdatSim[. , 2*col s(YdatS_b)+1: 3*col s(YdatS_b)], bdatSim[. , 3*col s(YdatS_b)+1: 4*col s(Ydat
S_b)], uuui , uuuj , uuuk, uuul );

```

```

                                rokr2. PRG
                                outttu=outttu|outtu;
                                ul =ul +1;
                                endo;
                                uk=uk+1;
                                endo;
                                uj =uj +1;
                                endo;
                                ui =ui +1;
                                endo;

                                boboy1=meanc(outttu)-oboy; /* these are the usual boot stats with the
booted mi nus the actual */

                                /* II carry out the alternative boot for S growing faster than T */

                                outttu={};
                                ui =1; uuui =Umi n-Ui nc;
                                do whi l e ui <=Unum+1;
                                uuui =uuui +ui nc;
                                uj =1; uuuj =Umi n-Ui nc;
                                do whi l e uj <=Unum+1;
                                uuuj =uuuj +ui nc;
                                uk=1; uuuk=Umi n-Ui nc;
                                do whi l e uk <=Unum+1;
                                uuuk=uuuk+ui nc;
                                ul =1; uuul =Umi n-Ui nc;
                                do whi l e ul <=Unum+1;
                                uuul =uuul +ui nc;

{outtu}=zee2(bdatAct[. , 4], bdatAct[. , 5], bdatAct[. , 6], bdatAct[. , 7], YdatS_b, HdatS_b,
                                YdatS_bl , HdatS_bl , uuui , uuuj , uuuk, uuul );
                                outttu=outttu|outtu;
                                ul =ul +1;
                                endo;
                                uk=uk+1;
                                endo;
                                uj =uj +1;
                                endo;
                                ui =ui +1;
                                endo;

                                boboy2=meanc(outttu)-oboy; /* these are the alt boot stats with the
booted mi nus the actual , ut where */
                                /* only the actual data are resampled, and not
the booted, i . e. S grow faster T */

                                /* calculate statistics */

                                {ZZb1}=stats(boboy1);
                                ZZZb1=ZZZb1|ZZb1' ;

                                {ZZb2}=stats(boboy2);
                                ZZZb2=ZZZb2|ZZb2' ;

                                booti =booti +1;
                                endo;
/*
print "Boot Stats";
print ZZZb1~ZZZb2;
*/

                                /* construct critical values */

                                cv1_10={}; cv1_5={};

```

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```
cv1=1;
do while cvi <= cols(ZZZb1);
    temp=sortc(ZZZb1[. , cvi ], 1);
    cv1_10=cv1_10|temp[trunc(0.90*rows(ZZZb1))];
    cv1_5=cv1_5|temp[trunc(0.95*rows(ZZZb1))];
    cvi=cvi+1;
endo;

cv2_10={}; cv2_5={};
cvi=1;
do while cvi <= cols(ZZZb2);
    temp=sortc(ZZZb2[. , cvi ], 1);
    cv2_10=cv2_10|temp[trunc(0.90*rows(ZZZb2))];
    cv2_5=cv2_5|temp[trunc(0.95*rows(ZZZb2))];
    cvi=cvi+1;
endo;

print " _____ ";
print "sim " si " done - {li, tsi} = " (li~tsi);
print "stats CV 5%, 10% ";
print ZZ~cv1_5~cv1_10~cv2_5~cv2_10;

/* empirical collecting of results */

outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 1]=ZZ;
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 2:5]=cv1_5~cv1_10~cv2_5~cv2_10;
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 6:8]=(sumc(YdatS .|t 0))' /rows(YdatS);
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 9:11]=minc(YdatS)' ;
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 12:14]=maxc(YdatS)' ;
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 15:17]=meanc(YdatS)' ;
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 18:20]=stdc(YdatS)' ;
corr1=corr(x(Ydats[. , 1]~Hdats[. , 1]));
corr1a=corr1[2, 1];
corr2=corr(x(Ydats[. , 2]~Hdats[. , 2]));
corr2a=corr2[2, 1];
corr3=corr(x(Ydats[. , 3]~Hdats[. , 3]));
corr3a=corr3[2, 1];
outza[li+(tsi-1)*3, 21:23]=corr1a~corr2a~corr3a;

/* simulation collecting of results */

/*outza[tsi, 1]=ZZ; */
/*outza[tsi, (li-1)*4+2: (li-1)*4+5]=outza[tsi, (li-1)*4+2: (li-1)*4+5]+(ZZ .ge
(cv1_5~cv1_10~cv2_5~cv2_10)); */

/* */

si=si+1;
endo;
print "-----";
print " ";
print "Total Output for li and tsi = " (li~tsi);
print " ";
print "5%, 10% nominal rejection rates";
print outza[. , ]/si mtot;
print " ";
print "Actual and Simulated Growth Rate (per Capita)";

i ss=1; YdatsSRT={};
do while i ss <= cols(Ydats);
    temp=sortc(Ydats, i ss);
    YdatsSRT=YdatsSRT~temp[. , i ss];
```

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```
    i ss=i ss+1;
  endo;

  if rows(YdatS) > rows(I d_pc_Y);
    ext=rows(YdatS)-rows(I d_pc_Y);
    extr=1*ones(ext, col s(I d_pc_Y));
    print (sortc((I d_pc_Y|extr), 1))~YdatsSRT;
  else;
    print (sortc((I d_pc_Y), 1))~YdatsSRT;
  endif;
  print "total s " rows(sortc(I d_pc_Y, 1))~rows(YdatsSRT);
  print "-----";

  I i=I i+1;
  endo;

  tsi =tsi +1;
  endo;

  print " _____FINAL OUTPUT _____ ";
  print " _____Rokko Paper _____ ";
  print "All output for sample = " TT;
  print "Column";
  print "Zstat boot1 5% 10% boot2 5% 10% %<0(each y vbl) mi n max mean stdc
corr(y1, h1)";
  print "Row";
  print "ti =1 I s=1";
  print "ti =1 I s=2";
  print "ti =1 I s=3";
  print "ti =2 I s=1 ... ";
  print " ";
  print (outza[. , 1: 5]~(outza[. , 6: 8]*100)~outza[. , 9: 23])/si mtot;

  print "Actual s for %<0, mi n, max, mean, stderr, corr(y1, h1)";
    corr1=corr(x(I d_pc_Y~I d_pc_H);
    corr1a=corr1[2, 1];
  print ((sumc(I d_pc_Y . I t
0))' /rows(I d_pc_Y))~mi nc(I d_pc_Y)~maxc(I d_pc_Y)~meanc(I d_pc_Y)~stdc(I d_pc_Y)~corr1a;

  output off;
```